

Agenda

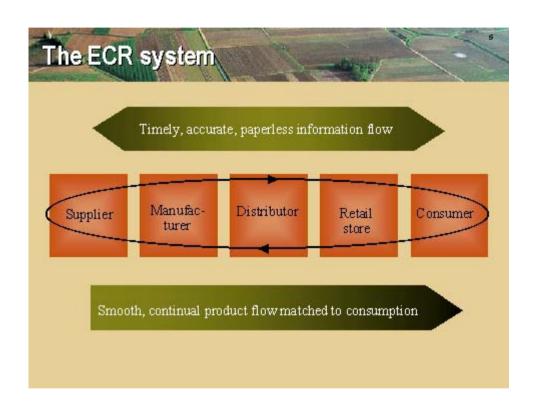
- 1. Background to model development
- 2. Potential futures
- 3. A new direction for agribusiness
- 4. The way forward



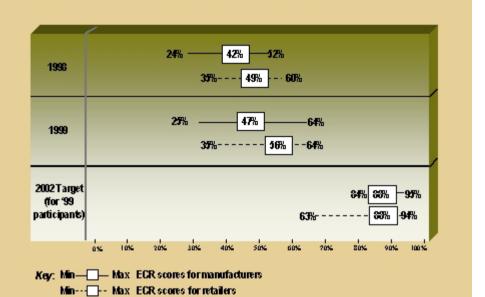
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Agribusiness.....what does it look like

AREAS	TRADITIONAL AGRICULTURE	
- Consumer	Output recipient	
- Products	Mass production	
- Quality Control	Minimum industry standards	
Business Relationships	Vertical - unidimensional	
· Investment	Low/under capitalised	
· Farm Focus	Diversification	
Market Focus	Geographic oriented	
· Level Of Co-operation	Low	
Raw Price Variations	Large	
· Cashflow	Inconsistent/unreliable	
· Product Volumes	Regular surphis shortage	
Product Availability	Inconsistent (reconstant insert of tenne)	
Information Transfer	Low D=	
· Adoption Of Technology	Low	
Industry structure	Large roumb er of small players	



ECR implementation relies on information





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Key global shapers

Consumer

- the extent of the move towards a 'freer' lifestyle ('casualisation')
- consumer expectations in relation to the quality and safety of products
- the consumer is seeking broader opportunities and choices to assist and/or enhance their lifestyle
- changing demand patterns resulting from demographic shifts
- adoption and evolution of branding

Key global shapers (cont.)

Technology

• E-commerce - allowing consumers direct access to suppliers

Environmental

 increase in environmental responsibility for government and business community



Technology

 use of genetic engineering in product development, yield improvements, disease control

Key shapers of future agribusiness

Economic/Political

- · removal of trade barriers
- extent of government withdrawal from industry
- operation of world food safety and hygiene standards
- · role and number of industry bodies
- · development of regional co-operatives



Key shapers of future agribusiness (cont.)

Environmental

- land management practices to ensure sustainable agricultural production
- · climatic factors (seasonal conditions)
- control and monitoring of pesticides and microorganisms within and across industries
- · waste reduction and disposal

Four potential scenarios

ges Radical ch

Consumerattitudes

'Lean cuisine'
"Where's the rest of it..'

- · Consumers seeking solutions from technology · Commo dity market
- Poor infrastructure development
- · Solutions provided but not quickly enough to meet demand

'Beans & mash' "Cheap & ordinary"

- Consumers tolerate current supply chain Commo dity market
- Poor infrastructure development
 Reluctance to embrace new
 technology

Minorchanges Industry change 'No uv eau Cuisine'
"The choice is endless"

- 'Freer' lifestyle
 'Specialised market to meet
 consumer needs
- consumer needs
 Consistency and reliability of product
- ·Consumer confidence ·Global market

'Hot curry'
"Too hot to handle"

•New technology leading to product development •Improved supply chain management

Lack of consumer confidence of new solutions

Radical changes



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AREAS	TRADITIONAL AGRICULTURE	A GRIBUSINESS 2010
. Consumer	Output recipierd	Product determinant
· Products	Mass production	Specialised 7
Quality Control	Minimum industry standards	Tailorised Tailorised
Business Relationships	Vertical - unitimensional	Vertical & horizontal multidimensional
· Investment	Low/under capitalised	High
Farm Focus	Diversification 9	Specialised
Market Focus	Geographic oriented	Consumer oriented
· Level Of Co-operation	Low	High 9 67
Raw Price Variations	Læge	Small
Cashflow	Inconsistent/mreliable	Consistent for flow and amount
Product Volumes	Regular surphis/shortage	Produced to order
Product Availability	Inconsistent (reconstd a limite in lance)	Consistent
· Information Transfer	Low	High.
· Adoption Of Technology	Low	High.
Industry structure	Large number of small players	Small number of larger players

A new direction for agribusiness

Globalisation

Organisations with global visibility, mindset and capabilities targeting global consumer segments

Consumer Interface

This is changing to increasing consumer demand for the 'anything, anytime, anywhere' concept

A new direction for agribusiness (cont.)

 Strengthening individual businesses and business relationships

There is a decline in the role of broad-based industry groups and associations

 Developing information-based alliances

Both within and outside agribusiness

The wool industry has a future - a vision to 2005

Driven by consumer needs and fibre competitiveness

Coordinated effort to:

↓ costs

↑ productivity ↑ demand



Willingness to embrace innovation and structural reform

Strategic "value chain" alliances linked via a common language

New wool selling/logistics system with widespread use of risk management tools



Decision making based on total objective measurement

A Confident Industry Attractive To Investors and Sustainable During Economic Downturns

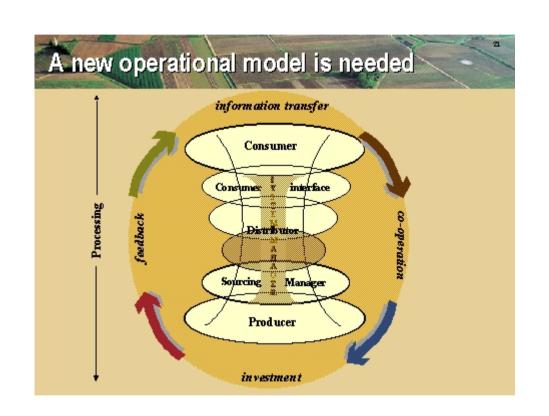


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The way forward

How to ensure investment and growth?

- Target consumer requirements (time, place, type, quality, safety)
- · Establish definitive product requirements
- Identify appropriate channels/systems for sourcing and distribution
- · Ensure availability and quality of product
- · Establish contracts with producers to supply product
- Improve communication along supply chain
- · Establish channel (system manager) managers



What does a System Manager do?

- Generate and manage consumer knowledge
- Guide product specification & development
- Source product
- Ensure consistency to market
- Ensure quality control
- Initiate marketing activities & consumer security/confidence



What does a System Manager do? (cont.)

- Identify processing needs and locations
- · Identify processing needs and locations
- · Specify and develop infrastructure needs
- · Identify and formulate alliances
- · Ensure channel communication
- Guide technology developments
- Secure/encourage channel investment
- · Control costs, increase revenues

