"The Impact of New Biotechnologies on the Agribusiness Value Chain - Prospects, Risks & Management"

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A market conducive to innovation and independent commercial decisions - a function of:

- an efficient and effective regulatory system
- meeting the needs and expectations of consumers

The AFGC's membership:



- in excess of 175 business entities
- complexity of businesses and diversity of products
- · comprising in the order of 85% gross dollar value
- Australia's largest manufacturing sector
- employs 1 in 5 of manufacturing workforce
- accounts for 2 thirds of total agri-food sector exports
- around half or in excess of \$5 billion are highly processed

Biotechnology any technique that uses living organisms - gene technology:



- range of techniques for controlled or selective modification
- extension of man's intervention
- enhances precision in genetic improvement
- choose specific genes, incorporating beneficial traits
- process of trait transfer faster, more exact, cheaper and less likely to fail
- develop new varieties more rapidly



Prima facie, potential in meeting society's challenges:

- managing the environment
- sustainable food production
- increasing food demand
- increased consumer demands for products and services

Products in the pipeline:

- · oils developed to contain more stearate
- peas to remain sweeter
- delayed ripening qualities
- peanuts with improved protein balance
- fungus resistant bananas
- tomatoes with higher antioxidants
- · potatoes with higher solid content
- · fruits and vegetables fortified with vitamins
- · garlic cloves to lower cholesterol levels
- higher-protein rice
- · strawberries containing a natural-cancer fighting agent





Fundamental thesis:

 there is simply an inevitability of gene technology, but there is a real risk Australia will not be well-positioned to realise the potential and capture the benefits



First take home message:

 we run a real risk of the technology "push" far exceeding the market "pull"



Second take home message:

 consumer confidence in the safety and integrity of products produced using modern biotechnologies is fundamental to investment in its development and the commercialisation of its products



Key focus of antagonists:

- capability and accountability of the regulatory system
- legitimacy of the science
- integrity of scientists
- humans' inconsistent attitudes to risk
- motives of business
- consumers' right to choice



Third take home message:

 food and drink producers simply will not put their products and their brands on the line if consumers do not have the confidence in the product's safety and integrity

Fourth take home message - the surrounds to the Ministers' decision:



- decision was not a matter of safety, but of information and the right to choice
- food and drink industry's commitment to a comprehensive labelling regime and information
- recognition of the industry's commitment to shouldering responsibility for the delivery of information over and above regulation
- technology is not the issue, rather how to deliver a practical cost effective meaningful labelling regime

Fourth take home message (cont) the surrounds to the Ministers' decision:



- recognition of the technical restraints of delivering against the mutual objectives of comprehensive mandatory labelling
- consideration of following the European path of determining threshold levels
- · recognition that costs are an issue
- extending mandatory labelling to unpackaged foods
- implications of World Trade Organisation Agreements
- media coverage shifted markedly



Fifth take home message:

 Ministers sought to redress the imbalance between the technology "push" and the market "pull"



Final take home message:

 those who consider they have a vested interest ... would do well to appreciate the dictates of the market and recognise their role and responsibility in influencing the market and serving it



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